OpenType Font Naming & the Name Table

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Overview

- PostScript name (ID 6)
- Win & OS X menu names (ID 1 & 2)
- Mac OS 8/9 menu names (ID 18)
- OpenType menu names (IDs 16 & 17)
- Cross-platform naming & style links
- WPF menu names (IDs 21 & 22)
- Managing names
- NOTE: my and Miguel's presentations will be posted on my blog: <u>http://blogs.adobe.com/typblography</u>



PostScript FontName (ID 6)

- Original x-platform font name
- Only 7-bit ASCII alphabetic characters
- Can have dash(es)
 - Usually between family and style
 - e.g. MinionPro-SemiboldItalic
- Must include style designation
 - "MinionPro-Regular" (not just "MinionPro")
- Max. 29 characters but suggest 27 for OT
 - FontName.otf or FontName.ttf in 31 chars
- In OT CFF fonts, also used for Win name ID 4 (full name)
 - Req's correct FL pref setting



PostScript FontName (ID 6)

 Names and Copyright Version and Identification Metrics and Dimensions Encoding and Unicode Hinting Settings PostScript-specific settings TrueType-specific settings Binary and custom tables Font note 	Basic set of font names		
	Family Name: Weight:	Myriad Pro Light Demibold V 600 V Font is italic	
	Width:	Normal	
	Style Name:	Bold Italic 🛛 Build Style Name	
	PS Font Name:	MyriadPro-SemiboldIt	
	Full Name:	Myriad Pro Semibold Italic	
	Menu Name:	Myriad Pro Light	
	FOND Name:	Myriad Pro Semibold It	
		Puild Names MyFonts.com	



PostScript FontName (ID 6)

General Options	Generating OpenType PS (.otf)	(+)
 Font window Glyph window Metrics window FontAudit Opening Type 1 Opening OpenType & TrueType Generating Type 1 Generating OpenType & TrueType Digital signature TrueType/OpenType TT (.ttf) TrueType Autohinting OpenType TT Encoding OpenType PS (.otf) Kerning 	 Decompose all composites Use subroutines to compress outlines in the CFF table Autohint unhinted glyphs Use the PostScript FontName as Full Name on Windows 	



Win menu names (ID 1 & 2)

- ID 1 is the menu name
- ID 2 is the style
- Maximum 31 characters
- Windows style linking
 - Within a style-linked group, Win name ID 1 is the same
 - Win name ID 2 is style attributes (regular, bold, italic, bold italic)
 - Windows theoretically allows more than 4 in a style-linked group, but not really

Win menu names (ID 1 & 2)

Names and Copyright	Basic set of font names		
Version and Identification Metrics and Dimensions Escoding and Unicode	Family Name:	Myriad Pro Light	
 Encoding and Unicode Hinting Settings PostScript-specific settings TrueType-specific settings Binary and custom tables Font note 	Weight: Width:	Demibold 600 Font is italic Font is bold More Styles 	
	Style Name:	Bold Italic Build Style Name	
	PS Font Name: Full Name: Menu Name:	MyriadPro-SemiboldIt Myriad Pro Semibold Italic Myriad Pro Light	
	FOND Name:	Myriad Pro Semibold It Build Names MyFonts.com	

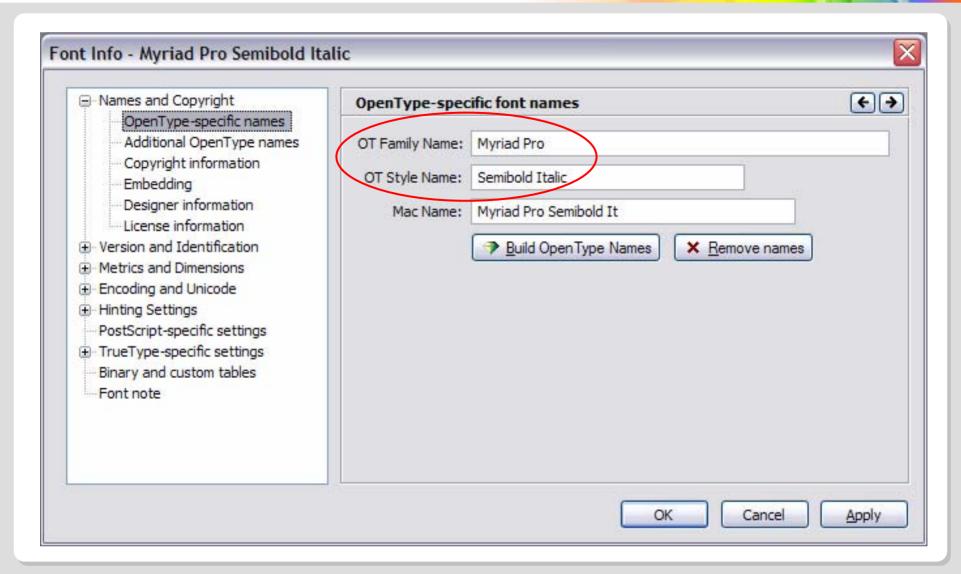


OpenType menu names (ID 16 & 17)

- Long "preferred" typographic menu name
 - Allows extended families w/separate family (16) and subfamily (17) menu names
 - IDs 16 & 17 have maximum 63 characters
- All fonts with same ID 1 should have same ID 16
 - No other necessary relation to 1, 2, 18
- Any # of fonts can have same "family" (ID 16)
- Only used by savvy applications
 - Most Adobe applications



OpenType menu names (ID 16 & 17)





- Maximum 63 characters, but...
- Max. 31 with MS Office limitations (older?)
- No req'd relation of names to style linking
- Each menu name must be unique

Mac Classic menu name, ID 18

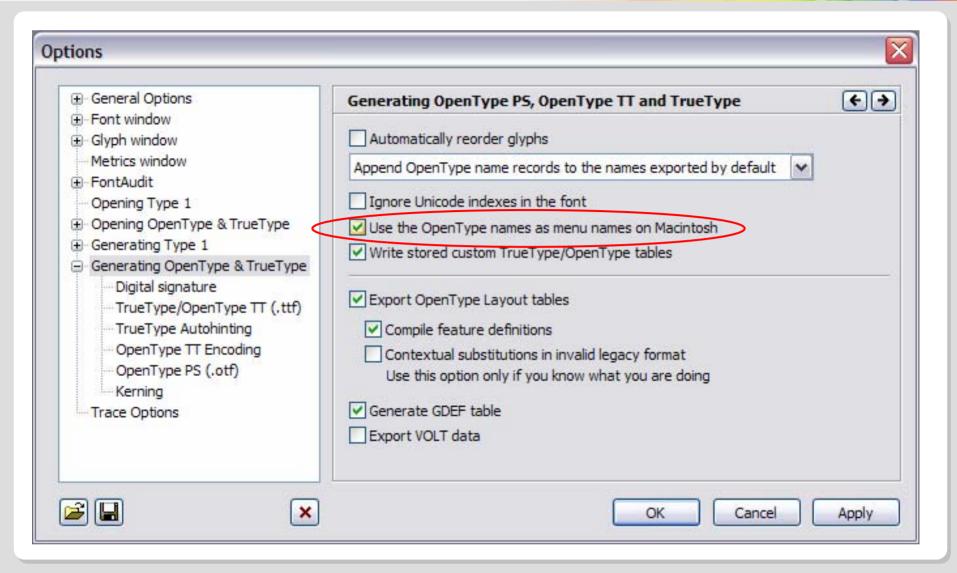
□-Names and Copyright		
OpenType-specific names Additional OpenType names (Copyright information	DyenType-specific font names OT Family Name: Myriad Pro OT Style Name: Semibold Italic Mac Name: Myriad Pro Semibold It	
	OK Cancel	Apply



OS X menu names

- OS X uses *Mac* name ID 1 & 2 for the "Fonts Panel" display
- Adobe approach: Mac name ID 1 & 2 = Win ID 16 & 17 (req's set FL prefs correctly, or use FDK)

OS X menu names





Style linked group

How to?

- Same name ID 1 (& 16) for all four fonts
- No other fonts w/same Win name ID 1 beyond the four linked fonts
- Win name ID 2 is unique for all four
- Set style bits appropriately
 - FDK "isItalicStyle" and "isBoldStyle"
 - FontLab checkboxes
 - These set both OS/2 fsSelection & hhea Mac Style bits
 - Recommendation:
 - Only use bold style bit for style-linked bold font



Cross-platform menu names

- Within style-linked group
 - name ID 1 Win for the "base font" should match same font's name ID 18 Mac
 - Style-linked bold, italic can't match X-platform!
- Only base fonts can have x-platform Mac/Win menu names!
- Savvy apps use ID 6 (PS FontName) or 16+17 (pref. family/style) to track fonts x-platform

WPF menu names

Windows Presentation Foundation



Why care about WPF?

- What is Windows Presentation Foundation?
 - WPF ("Avalon") is new with Windows Vista
 - But also available for XP at the same time Vista ships
 - Apps have to go out of their way to use it
- WPF may change your font's menu name family/style for its own needs
- Affected: TrueType and OpenType fonts
 - WPF does not support Type 1 ("PostScript") fonts at all
 - Type 1 fonts still supported in GDI applications under Vista
- You might care about how your font shows up in WPF application menus
- OpenType 1.5 will give you some additional controls over WPF treatment
 - New in OpenType 1.5 and supported in WPF 1.0: WWS-only bit in fsSelection
 - New in OpenType 1.5 and **not** yet supported in WPF: new nameIDs 21/22 in name table

WPF & CSS

- WPF processing goal: Fit fonts into CSS style families
- What is CSS?
 - W3C "Cascading Style Sheets"
- Fonts within a CSS family are differentiated by:
 - "WWS" family
 - Weight
 - Width ("Stretch")
 - Slope ("Style"): regular, italic, or oblique

WPF's Processing: Overview

- Analyze each single font for WWS values & names
 - Assign face names and appropriate WWS values
- Analyze the family to ensure all members differ on WWS basis
 - Anything that WPF didn't recognize as relevant to WWS earlier, gets left on the family name, not the style name!
 - * Essentially splits families into two or more as needed

WPF's Procrustean bed

- WPF looks at both names and table values to determine WWS
 - When they differ, complex processing to determine which value is "correct"
- In WPF, Arial, Arial Narrow & Arial Black can all be one happy family
- But fonts that differ on other grounds cannot. For example:
 - Adobe families with four optical sizes
 - Family with "regular" and "inline" variants
- NOTE: rules are very complicated!
 Strongly recommend new MS white paper: <u>http://blogs.msdn.com/text/attachment/2249036.ashx</u>
 Also my more detailed presentation on the subject, "CSS & OT 1.5": <u>http://blogs.adobe.com/typblography/atypi2006/CSS%20&%20OT%2015.pdf</u>



Comments on CSS family model

- As font selection model, it's broken
 - But major improvement over GDI
- It's a standard
 - Many other programs are interested in using it
 - Probably other platforms too

New OpenType options for WWS families

- Supported now in WPF 1.0
 - OS/2 fsSelection bit 9 to denote an oblique font (set italic bits as well)
 - OS/2 fsSelection bit 8 to denote a WWS-only font (use "preferred family/subfamily," nameIDs 16 & 17)
- To be supported in a future version of WPF (1.x?)
 - name table IDs 21 and 22 for WWS family and subfamily names (instead of using bit 8 and and nameIDs 16 & 17)

Managing Names

- Use a spreadsheet or other central resource to coordinate across fonts
- Run Adobe FDK "CompareFamily" tool to cross-check family relationships



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how the world engages with ideas and information

